PATENT

DOCKET NO.: 26774-14267 Application No.: 10/767,251 Office Action Dated: February 24, 2010

LISTING OF CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

 (Currently Amended) A method for isolating a macromolecule, comprising: partially melting an inner wall of a test tube;

contacting eoating the partially melted inner wall of the test tube with a plurality of beads after partially melting the inner wall of the test tube;

coating the beads with a capture reagent of the macromolecule; and

incubating the coated beads with a solution containing the macromolecule under conditions to allow binding of the macromolecule to the capture reagent, thereby isolating the macromolecule:

washing the coated beads with the bound macromolecule with a wash buffer to remove unbound material while maintaining binding of the macromolecule to the capture reagent; and

eluting the macromolecule from the capture reagent.

- (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the beads are glass microbeads.
- (Original) The method of claim 1, where in the beads are polymer microbeads.
 - (Original) The method of claim 3, wherein the microbeads are agarose.
- (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the capture reagent is attached to the beads by at least one linker molecule.
- (Currently Amended) The method of <u>claim 5</u> elaim 1, wherein the linker molecule is aminopropyltriethyoxysilane.

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 (Currently Amended) The method of <u>claim 5</u> elaim 1, wherein the linker molecule is cyanogen bromide.

- (Original) The method of claim 5, wherein in the linker molecule is a chemical cross-linking agent.
- $9. \hspace{0.5cm} \hbox{(Original)} \hspace{0.5cm} \hbox{The method of claim 8, wherein the cross-linking agent is} \\ \hbox{dimethyl suberimidate.}$
- (Original) The method of claim 5, wherein the linker molecule is an antibody.
- ${\rm 11.} \qquad {\rm (Original)} \qquad {\rm The \ method \ of \ claim \ 5, \ wherein \ the \ linker \ molecule \ is \ protein}$ A or protein G.
- 12. (Currently Amended) The method as in <u>claim 38 elaim 1</u>, wherein the wash buffer is removed by inversion of the tube.

13 - 25. (Canceled)

26. (Currently Amended) A method for isolating guanine nucleotidebinding proteins for determination of guanine nucleotide ratios comprising:

partially melting an inner wall of a test tube;

<u>contacting</u> easting the partially melted inner wall of the test tube with a plurality of glass beads wherein the beads have a surface <u>after partially melting the inner wall of the test</u> tube:

reacting the beads with an agent to modify the surface of the beads to provide a plurality of free amino groups;

reacting the free amino groups on the beads with a bifunctional amine cross-linker to provide a plurality of sites for binding a guanine nucleotide-binding protein binding partner; and DOCKET NO.: 26774-14267 Application No.: 10/767,251 Office Action Dated: February 24, 2010

incubating the coated beads with a solution containing the guanine nucleotide-binding protein under conditions to allow binding of the guanine nucleotide-binding protein to the binding partner while inhibiting nucleotide hydrolysis or release, thereby isolating the guanine nucleotide-binding protein:

washing the coated beads with the bound guanine nucleotide binding protein with a wash buffer to remove unbound material while maintaining binding of the guanine nucleotide binding protein to the binding partner and inhibiting nucleotide hydrolysis and release;

releasing the bound nucleotide from the guanine-nucleotide binding protein; and determining the ratio of guanine nucleotides released from the guanine nucleotidebinding proteins.

27. (Currently Amended) A method comprising:

heating a plurality of beads to a temperature sufficient to partially melt an inner wall of a tube:

contacting the heated beads with the inner wall of the tube <u>after heating the plurality</u> of beads to the temperature sufficient to partially melt the inner wall of the tube;

coating the beads with a capture reagent of a macromolecule; and

incubating the coated beads with a solution containing the macromolecule under conditions to allow binding of the macromolecule to the capture reagents

washing the coated beads with the bound macromolecule with a wash buffer to remove unbound material while maintaining binding of the macromolecule to the capture reagent: and

eluting the macromolecule from the capture reagent.

- 28. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the inner wall of the tube is partially melted using a heat gun.
- (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the inner wall
 of the tube is partially melted using infrared irradiation.

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30. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the inner wall of the tube is partially melted using a filament.

- 31. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the tube is a microcentrifuge tube.
- (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein the tube comprises a polymeric material, polypropylene, or polystyrene.
 - 33. (Canceled)
 - (Canceled)
- 35. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the macromolecule is a protein, peptide, nucleic acid, carbohydrate, or polymer.
 - 36. (Canceled)
- 37. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the macromolecule is a polynucleotide.
- 38. (New) The method of claim 1, further comprising washing the coated beads with the bound macromolecule with a wash buffer to remove unbound material while maintaining binding of the macromolecule to the capture reagent; and eluting the macromolecule from the capture reagent.
- 39. (New) The method of claim 26, further comprising washing the coated beads with the bound guanine nucleotide-binding protein with a wash buffer to remove unbound material while maintaining binding of the guanine-nucleotide binding protein to the binding partner and inhibiting nucleotide hydrolysis and release; releasing the bound nucleotide from the guanine-nucleotide binding protein; and determining the ratio of guanine nucleotides released from the guanine nucleotide-binding proteins.
- 40. (New) The method of claim 27, further comprising washing the coated beads with the bound macromolecule with a wash buffer to remove unbound material while

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maintaining binding of the macromolecule to the capture reagent; and eluting the macromolecule from the capture reagent.